

## **Financial Results Meeting:**

The 1st 6 Months of FY Ending March 2015

(April 1, 2014 – September 30, 2014)

**November 11, 2014** 



### **Contents**



- ■Summary of Business Results for Six Months ended September 30, 2014, for FY Ending March 2015 and Forecast for FY Ending March 2015
- 02 Financial Summary
- 03 Highlights Six Months ended September 30, 2014
- Vear over Year Comparisons of Consolidated Net Sales,Cost of Sales, and SGA Expenses
- 05 Freight Cost Ratio for Air Freight Exports Sales
- 06 Balance Sheets
- 07 Cash Flow Statements
- 08 Net Sales by Business
- 09 Net Sales and Operating Income by Region
- 10 Operating Margins by Region
- 11 Highlights by Region
- 12 Operating Results by Quarter
- 13 Earnings Forecast for FY Ending March 2015
- 14 Net Sales Forecast by Business & Region for FY Ending March 2015

#### **■**Corporate Business Strategies

- 16 Outline of Medium-Term Management Plan
- 17 Medium-Term Management Plan Numerical Targets
- 18 Priorities for the Second Year For Volume Growth -
- 19 Group-wide Volume Targets
- 20 Issues for the Second Half
- 21 Focus on Industry Verticals
- 22 Further Expansion (1)
- 23 Further Expansion (2)
- 24 Further Expansion (3)
- 25 Further Expansion (4)
- 26 Dividends

#### ■Supplemental Materials

- 28 KWE Group's Global Network
- 29 Freight Volume by Region (Air Freight)
- 30 Freight Volume by Region (Sea Freight)
- 31 Industry Verticals (1) (KWE Japan: Air Freight)
- 32 Industry Verticals (2) (KWE Japan: Sea Freight)

## **Financial Summary**



Shipments (thousands) Weight (1,000 tons) Volume (1,000 TEU) Amount (¥ million)

		S	Six months ended September 30					
Iter	n	20	14	2015				
			Yr over Yr (%)		Yr over Yr (%)			
Air freight exports	(Weight)	206	(11.4)	231	12.0			
Air freight imports	(Shipments)	565	(11.3)	590	4.4			
Sea freight export	s (Volume)	173	17.1	196	13.6			
Sea freight import	s (Shipments)	112	(0.1)	117	4.2			
Not color	Consolidated	134,121	5.4	153,297	14.3			
Net sales	Non-consolidated	40,393	(2.6)	43,735	8.3			
Operating	Consolidated	22,280	3.5	24,184	8.5			
gross profit	Non-consolidated	9,032	2.5	8,832	(2.2)			
Operating	Consolidated	6,238	(7.5)	6,464	3.6			
income	Non-consolidated	1,729	11.4	1,288	(25.5)			
Ordinary	Consolidated	6,805	(7.6)	6,994	2.8			
income	Non-consolidated	4,171	43.8	3,160	(24.2)			
Income before income taxes	Consolidated	6,564	(9.3)	5,227	(20.4)			
and minority interests	Non-consolidated	4,023	42.1	1,405	(65.1)			
Not income	Consolidated	4,064	(15.9)	2,950	(27.4)			
Net income	Non-consolidated	3,306	47.9	1,040	(68.5)			

Six months ended	
September 30, 2014 (Forecas	sts)
(Revised on August 8, 2014	-
(Nevised on August 6, 201-	•′/
-	_
-	_
-	
150,00	00
	_
-	_
6,60	00
	_
7,00	00
-	_
3,00	00
	_

Conversion Rate	1st 6 months of FY ended March 2014	FY ended March 2014	1st 6 months of FY ending March 2015	
US-Dollar ¥95.59		¥97.65	¥102.47	
EURO	¥125.50	¥129.68	¥140.43	

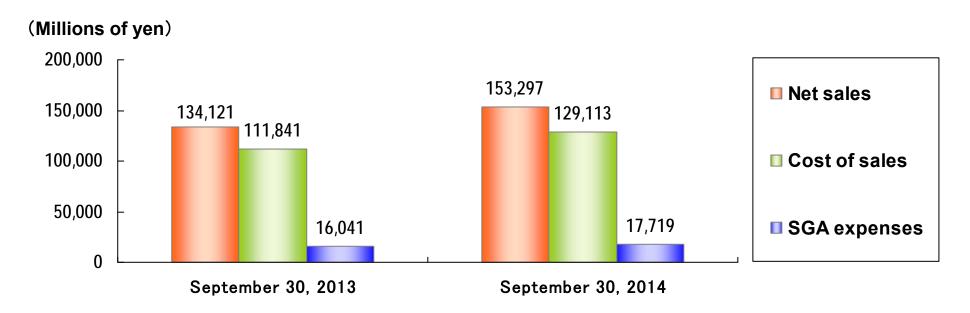
# Highlights Six Months Ended September 30, 2014



- 1 Air freight export volume steadily recovered, but gross margin declined. Domestic delivery cost increased, resulting in decreased profit.
  - Operating margin of KWE Japan decreased to 2.9% from 4.3% a year earlier.
  - •Air freight: Monthly export volume exceeded 10,000 tons since July.
  - Sea freight: Developed new businesses
- 2 <u>Air/sea freight volume increased, but profits were sluggish</u> in Europe, Middle East & Africa, and Southeast Asia.
  - Average operating margin in overseas decreased to 4.0% from 4.3% a year earlier.
  - Europe, Middle East & Africa: Volume increased, but profitability declined.
  - Southeast Asia: Gross margin declined and logistics cost increased.

## Year over Year Comparisons of Consolidated Net Sales, Cost of Sales, and SGA Expenses





(Millions of yen, %)

	Six months ended September 30						
	2013	2013 Ratio to net sales		Ratio to net sales			
Net sales	134,121	100.0%	153,297	100.0%			
Cost of sales	111,841	83.4%	129,113	84.2%			
SGA expenses	16,041	11.9%	17,719	11.6%			
Operating income	6,238	4.7%	6,464	4.2%			

# **Freight Cost Ratio for Air Freight Exports Sales**



	Six months ended September 30, 2013	FY ended March 31, 2014	Six months ended September 30, 2014
KWE Japan	58.9%	59.5%	61.7%
The Americas	63.4%	64.1%	63.8%
Europe, Middle East & Africa	62.2%	57.1%	53.3%
East Asia & Oceania	67.4%	64.4%	64.3%
Southeast Asia	71.6%	72.1%	76.0%
Group as a Whole	63.8%	62.7%	63.4%

Japan and Southeast Asia were on upward trend.

### **Balance Sheets**



### (Millions of yen)

	March 31, 2014	September 30, 2014	Change
Assets			
Current assets	113,680	110,174	(3,505)
Noncurrent assets	54,286	58,093	3,807
Property, plant and equipment	35,988	36,370	382
Intangible assets	1,408	2,369	961
Investments and other assets	16,889	19,353	2,463
Total assets	167,966	168,268	301
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	47,443	47,024	(419)
Noncurrent liabilities	9,291	9,858	566
Total liabilities	56,735	56,882	146
Net assets			
Total net assets	111,231	111,385	154
Total liabilities and net assets	167,966	168,268	301

### **Cash Flow Statements**

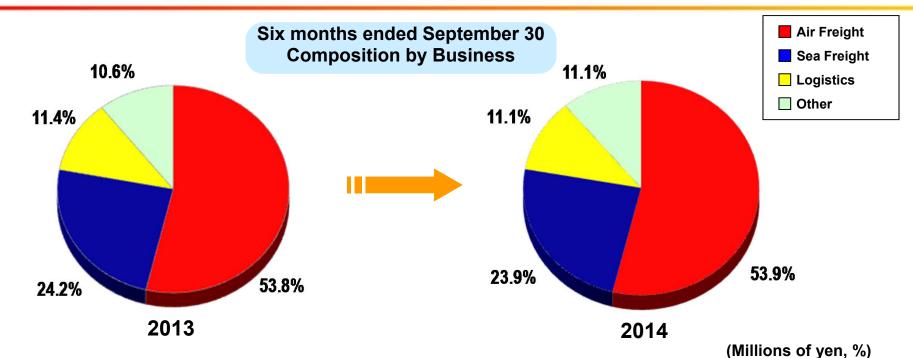


(Millions of yen)

	Six mont	hs ended	
	September 30, 2013	<b>September 30, 2014</b>	Change
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4,854	2,101	-2,753
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,144)	(4,789)	-3,644
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(1,229)	(1,700)	-470
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	3,474	(1,414)	-4,888
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,955	(5,802)	-11,757
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	38,271	47,963	9,692
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	44,226	42,161	-2,065

## **Net Sales by Business**

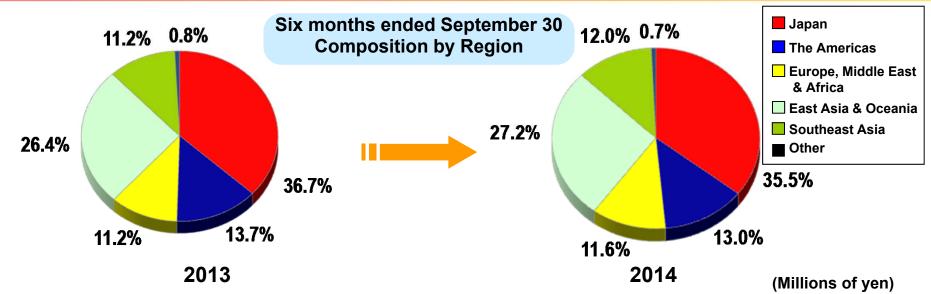




			-				
Business		Six months ended September 30					
		2013	2014				
		Net sales	Net sales	Yr over Yr			
<u>io</u>	Air Freight	72,136	82,693	14.6%			
ght	Sea Freight	32,468	36,604	12.7%			
Frei	Logistics	15,357	17,035	10.9%			
Freight transportation	Other	14,158	16,963	19.8%			
	Total	134,121	153,297	14.3%			

## Net Sales and Operating Income by Region KWE



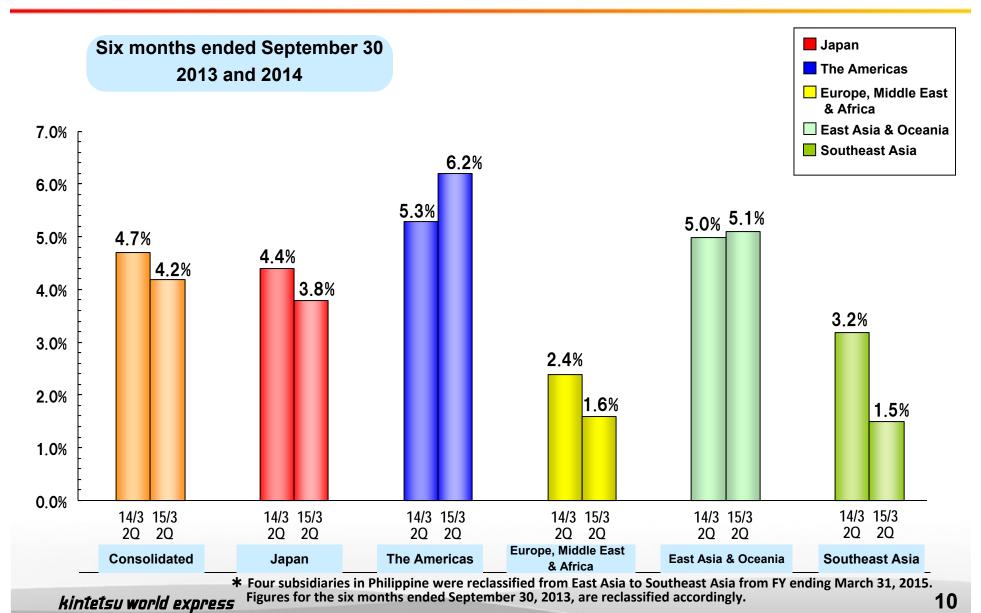


	Six months ended September 30						
Region	20	113	2014				
	Net sales	Operating income	Net sales	<b>Operating income</b>			
Japan	50,696	2,229	55,862	2,102			
The Americas	18,870	1,008	20,427	1,272			
Europe, Middle East & Africa	15,417	374	18,306	288			
East Asia & Oceania	36,445	1,831	42,810	2,178			
Southeast Asia	15,412	497	18,941	290			
Other	1,074	296	1,093	330			
Adjustment	(3,793)	1	(4,145)	2			
Total	134,121	6,238	153,297	6,464			

<sup>\*</sup> Four subsidiaries in Philippine were reclassified from East Asia to Southeast Asia from FY ending March 31, 2015. Figures for the six months ended September 30, 2013, are reclassified accordingly.

### **Operating Margins by Region**





## **Highlights by Region**



### Japan

- •Air freight: Volume growth of 13.7%. Sea freight: Volume growth of 22.6%.
- •Gross margin declined due to intensified competition and increases in air freight cost and delivery cost.
- Subsidiaries in Japan showed steady growth.

### ■ The Americas

- While sea freight showed steady growth, airfreight exports/imports dropped.
- Mexican subsidiary (established in 2013) contributed to earnings.

### Europe, Middle East & Africa

•While air/sea freight showed significant volume growth with newly acquired businesses, overall results were held down by declined profitability in German subsidiary.

### East Asia & Oceania

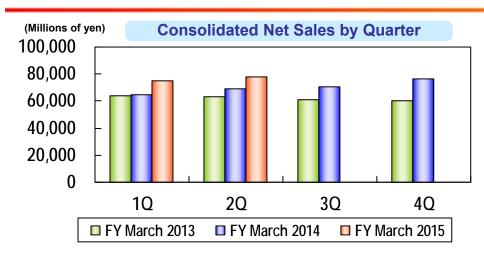
Air/sea freight showed a recovery trend mainly in electronic products.

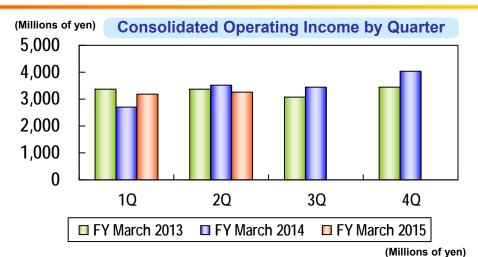
### Southeast Asia

- Subsidiaries in Singapore, Malaysia, Philippines, and Thailand suffered slump.
- Profit decreased due to increased indirect cost of logistics business, etc.

### **Operating Results by Quarter**







Net sales	1Q	2	Q.	3	Q	4	IQ
FY ended March 2013	64,192	63,011	(127,203)	60,664	(187,867)	60,110	(247,977)
FY ended March 2014	64,644	69,477	(134,121)	70,635	(204,756)	76,749	(281,505)
FY ending March 2015	75,240	78,057	(153,297)	_	(-)	_	(-)

Operating income	1Q	2Q		30	<b>Q</b>	4	Q
FY ended March 2013	3,361	3,383	(6,744)	3,090	(9,834)	3,461	(13,295)
FY ended March 2014	2,710	3,528	(6,238)	3,472	(9,710)	4,032	(13,742)
FY ending March 2015	3,193	3,271	(6,464)	_	(-)	_	(-)

Ordinary income	1Q	2Q		3Q		40	Q
FY ended March 2013	3,676	3,685	(7,361)	2,868	(10,229)	3,979	(14,208)
FY ended March 2014	2,925	3,879	(6,805)	3,628	(10,433)	4,834	(15,267)
FY ending March 2015	3,573	3,421	(6,994)	_	(-)	_	(-)

Numbers inside ( ) are cumulative figures from the first quarter.

### **Earnings Forecast for FY Ending March 2015**

### - The Second Year of the Medium-Term Management Plan



\* Not changed from the figures released on May 8, 2014

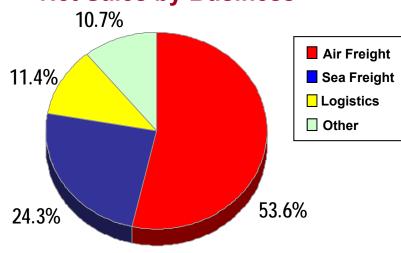
(Millions of yen)

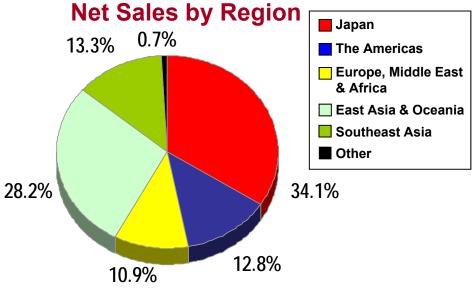
ltem	FY ended March 2014 (Results)		FY ending March 2015 (Forecasts)	
		Yr over Yr (%)		Yr over Yr (%)
Net sales	281,505	13.5	310,000	10.1
Operating gross profit	46,303	7.8	50,847	9.8
Operating income	13,742	3.4	16,000	16.4
Ordinary income	15,267	7.4	16,000	4.8
Income before income taxes and minority interests	14,916	5.3	16,000	7.3
Net income	9,417	3.1	10,100	7.2

## **Net Sales Forecast by Business & Region for FY Ending March 2015**









#### FY ending March 2015 (Forecast)

(Millions of yen, %)

Business		FY ending March 2015 (Forecast)		
		Net sales	Composition	
Freight transportation	Air Freight	166,100	53.6%	
	Sea Freight	75,300	24.3%	
	Logistics	35,400	11.4%	
	Other	33,200	10.7%	
	Total	310,000	100.0%	

**FY ending March 2015 (Forecast)** 

(Millions of yen)

14

Pagion	FY ending March 2015 (Forecast)		
Region	Net sales	Operating income	
Japan	108,600	4,900	
The Americas	40,600	2,800	
Europe, Middle East & Africa	34,700	1,100	
East Asia & Oceania	89,800	5,000	
Southeast Asia	42,200	2,000	
Other	2,100	300	
Adjustment	(8,000)	(100)	
Total	310,000	16,000	

<sup>\*</sup> Not changed from the figures released on May 8, 2014

<sup>\*</sup> Four subsidiaries in Philippine were reclassified from East Asia to Southeast Asia from FY ending March 31, 2015. Figures for the six months ended September 30, 2013, are reclassified accordingly.



## **Corporate Business Strategies**

The Second Year of
Medium-Term Management Plan
(FY Ended March 2014 – FY Ending March 2016)

## Outline of Medium-Term Management Plan (FY Ending March 2014 – FY Ending March 2016)



Aims to build a solid corporate structure that will enable us to compete successfully against even the strongest players

#### **Targets by March 2016**

Consolidated net sales: 330 billion yen (+30% from FY ended March 2013) Consolidated operating income: 18 billion yen (+40% from FY ended March 2013)

Consolidated ordinary income: 18 billion yen (+30% from FY ended March 2013)

Consolidated operating margin: 5.5% (Improved from FY ended March 2013)

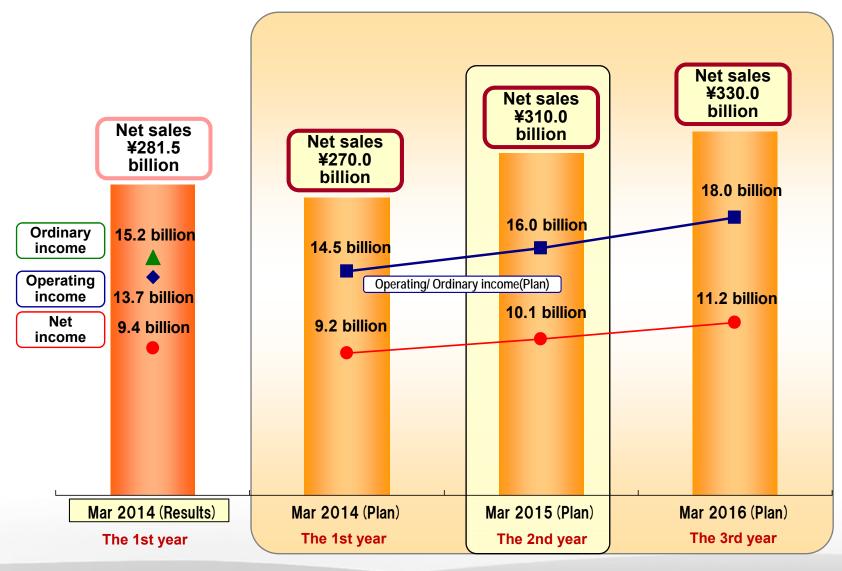


### **Key Strategies**

- 1. Optimize overall revenue portfolio through a more balanced portfolio of business domains and commodities handled
- 2. Expand KWE's presence in emerging countries
- 3. Strengthen off-shore sales structure and activities; establish best in class operations to maximize operational effectiveness and high quality services

# Medium-Term Management Plan Numerical Targets





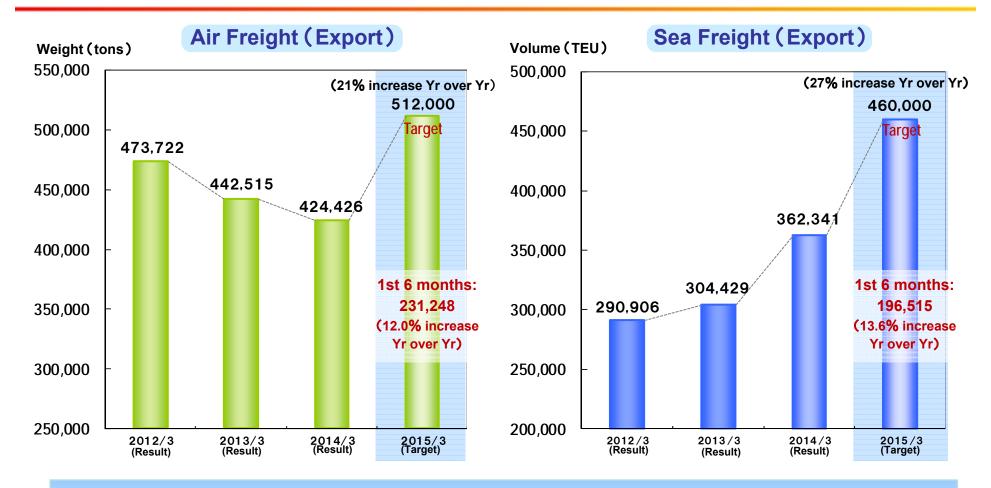
## 1. Priorities for the Second Year — For Volume Growth —



- (1) Maintain and increase business with more "Corporate Accounts"
- (2) Further focus on "Power Lanes" (Intra Asia, Asia the Americas and Asia Europe lanes)
- (3) Off-shore (trilateral) traffics
- (4) Further growth in sea freight
- (5) Tighter relationships with preferred air & sea carriers

# 2. Group-wide Volume Targets (air/sea freight)





#### (Ref.)

◆ Volume from corporate accounts: air freight exports up by 11.0%, sea freight exports up by 19.0%

(Nine months period from Jan. to Sep. 2014)

### 3. Issues for the Second Half



### **Japan**

Profit margin declined despite volume growth. Freight cost to North America and domestic delivery cost also increased.

⇒ Reduce direct cost ratio by improving consolidation efficiency, etc.

**Europe, Middle East & Africa** 

Operating margin declined, especially German subsidiary suffered a slump.

**⇒Optimize procurement, reallocate human resources** 

### **Southeast Asia**

Subsidiaries in Singapore, Malaysia, Philippines, and Thailand suffered slump.

⇒ More focus on profitability, improve operating rate of logistics facilities, and expand customer base

## 4. Focus on Industry Verticals



### **Automotive**

- Develop off-shore logistics with Japanese automakers
- •Group-wide business expansion leveraging Latin American network (Mexican and Brazilian subsidiaries)

### Retail

Collaboration with Trans Global Logistics Group (TGLG) in Hong Kong

### **Construction machinery**

Focus on East Asia, Southeast Asia and North America

## 5. Further Expansion (1)



### 1) New network in Mekong Area

- Myanmar Representative Office (June)
- Laos Representative Office /Savannakhet Satellite Office (June)
- Phnom Penh Representative Office (July)





**Phnom Penh Representative Office** 

## 5. Further Expansion (2)



### 2) New Facilities around the World



Singapore Logistics Center (65,800m) January 2014



Russia Saint-Petersburg Warehouse (2,750m) June 2014



Taiwan Taoyuan FTZ Terminal (39,000m) July 2014



Indonesia Marunda Logistics Center (10,000m) September 2014



China Wuhan Domestic Warehouse (15,500㎡⇒31,500㎡) Expanded in October 2014



Thailand
Prachinburi Logistics Center
Phase 1 (Opening in January 2015)
Phase 2 (Opening in January 2016)

## 5. Further Expansion (3)



### 3) China

- Expand logistics business involving bonded logistics
- ◆Started medical products logistics service in the Shanghai Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone with CFDA (China Food and Drug Administration) license. KWE is the only license holder among Japanese forwarders.
- **◆**Meet the increasing demand for domestic transportation
- ⇒Reorganize and enhance structure for domestic transportation





**CFDA License** 



## 5. Further Expansion (4)



### 4) India

Gati-Kintetsu Express developed business steadily



◆Providing delivery services covering whole India, logistics services, and import agency services ⇒Expand business with European, US, and Japanese customers (electronics, automobiles and aircraft, etc.)



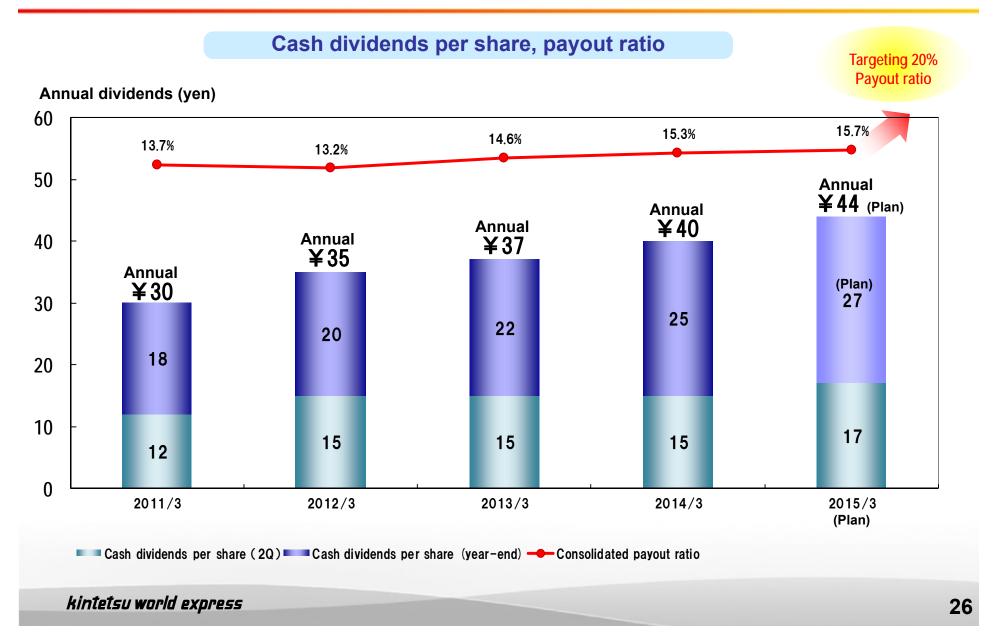




Warehouse and vehicle monitoring center operating 24 hours a day

### 6. Dividends







## **Supplemental Materials**

## KWE Group's Global Network



34 overseas countries, 219 cities, 381 locations (as of September 30, 2014)

Other business (2 companies)

Europe, Middle East
& Africa
(15 companies)
[Includes 1 equity method affiliate]

Japan

(10 companies)
Includes KWE Japan and
a equity method affiliates

**KWE** Group

The Americas (5 companies)

**Southeast Asia** 

(12 companies)

[Includes 1 equity method affiliate]

East Asia & Oceania (28 companies)

[Includes 4 equity method affiliates]

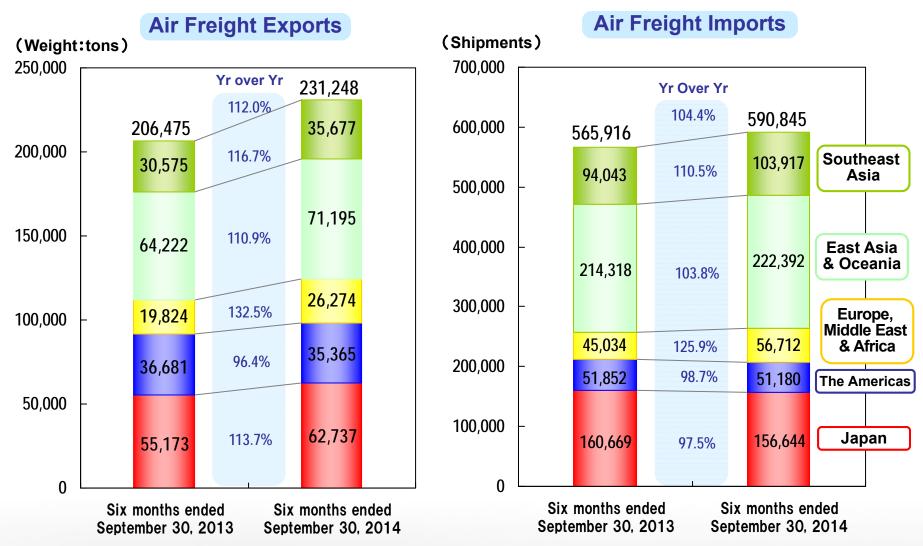
Logistics facilities 171 locations overseas (1,162,500m²)

27 locations in Japan (195,255m²) Acquired ISO 9001 certification (27 subsidiaries)

Acquired ISO14001 certification (11 locations worldwide) Acquired TAPA certification (20 locations worldwide)

## Freight Volume by Region (Air Freight)





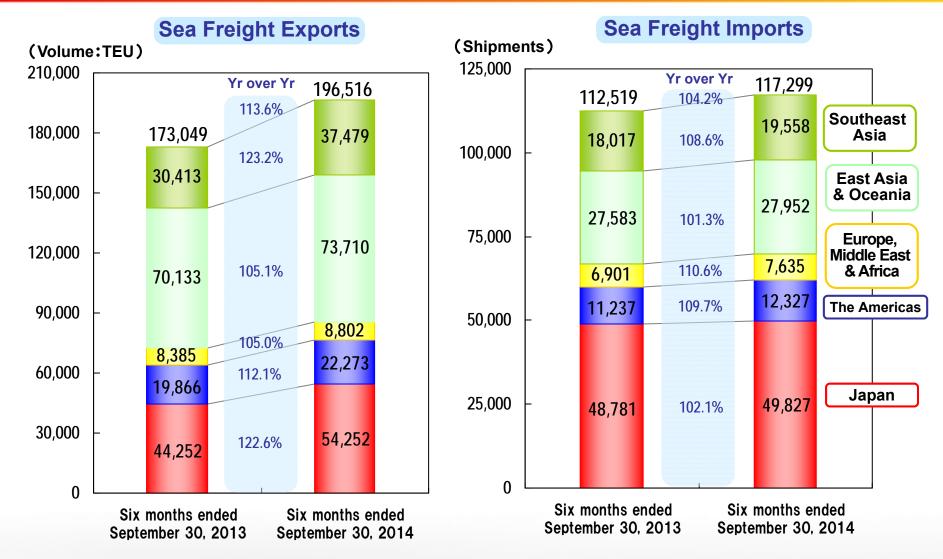
\* Four subsidiaries in Philippine were reclassified from East Asia to Southeast Asia from FY ending March 31, 2015. Figures for the six months ended September 30, 2013, are reclassified accordingly.

kintetsu world express

29

## Freight Volume by Region (Sea Freight)



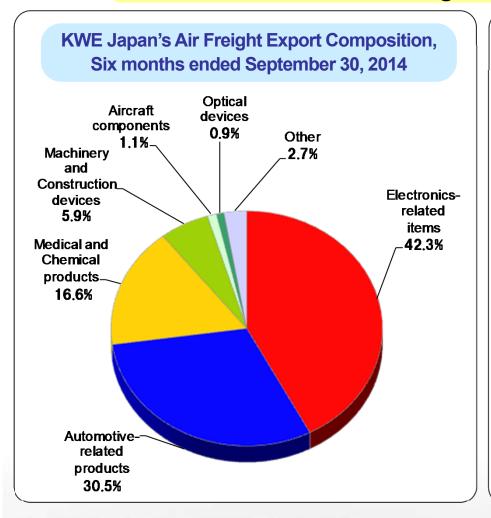


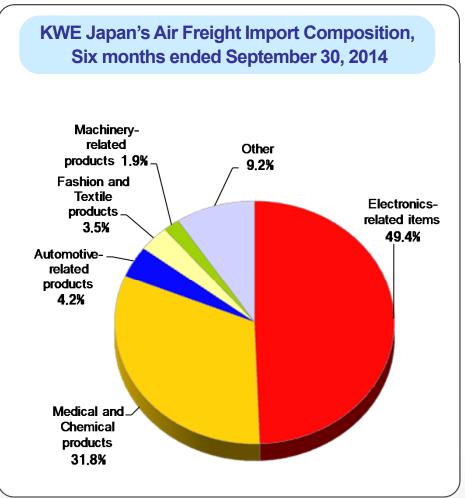
<sup>\*</sup> Four subsidiaries in Philippine were reclassified from East Asia to Southeast Asia from FY ending March 31, 2015. Figures for the six months ended September 30, 2013, are reclassified accordingly.

# Industry Verticals (1) KWE Japan: Air Freight



## Based on net sales of top 100-ranked companies — Air freight composition

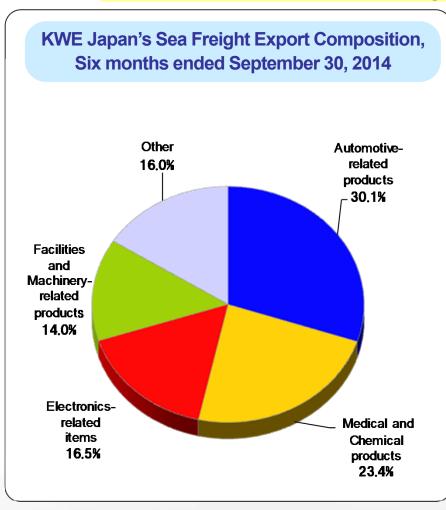


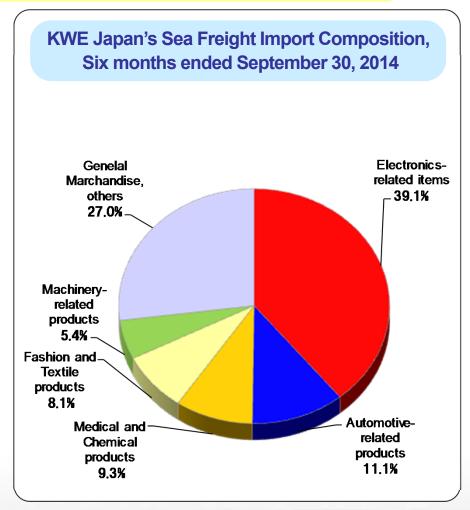


## Industry Verticals (2) KWE Japan: Sea Freight



## Based on net sales of top 100-ranked companies — Sea freight composition









## Kintetsu World Express, Inc. Website: http://www.kwe.co.jp/en/index.html

\* The information contained herein does not constitute an offer to solicit investment which can only be made by formal prospectus. The forward-looking statements contained herein are not intended to assure or guarantee future performance. Actual results may vary from that projected herein.